FH12B06-M12

Material

PPA - Polyphthalamide















How it works A fluid flow through the sensor causes precise displacement of a magnetic piston and closes an electrical contact (reed switch).

- **Details** On/Off output; NO (SPST) working;
 - Detects increased or decreased flow;
 - Sensitivity adjustment¹.



Actuation Range (in LPM)
Water
From ~1.0 to ~34

- **Typical applications** Lubrification and cooling systems monitoring;
 - · Pipe fluid flow monitoring.

Liquids • Clean water, oils, lubricants and filtered fuels².











Liquids with magnetic particles will cause deposition/magnetic sedimentation and it will prejudice the operation of the sensor. Use magnetic filter before the sensor.

Liquids with encrustation particles and/or solids require tests.

Technical specifications

Internal clearance Maximum operation pressure Operating temperature range Inlet/outlet port

25bar Spring Sealing Output connection **Enclosure rating**

Electrical contact

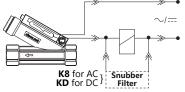
0°C to 100°C | 140°C @1h G 1/2" female (BSP - Parallel) AISI 302 stainless steel NBR (nitrilic rubber) O'Ring M12 male plug (2 pins) M12 female connector NOT included **IP66** Reed Switch 20W/VA

The sensors work in all voltage and current ranges displayed in the table bellow: Operating Voltage Max. Switching Power Max. Switching Current **Peak Current** 110Vac 0.5A @20ms 0.2A 220Vac 20VA 0.1A 0.5A @20ms 2.5W 0.5A 5Vdc 1A @20ms 5W 0.5A 12Vdc 1A @20ms 10W 0.5A 1A @20ms

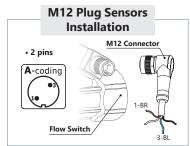
114mm²

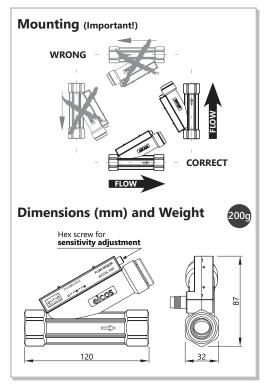
24Vac: Recommended use with Schneider coupling relay model RSLZVA1.

Typical connection to contactor



Installing the snubber filter extends the lifespan of the sensor's electrical contact.





Notes

Repeatability (not considering the viscosity change of liquids): ±10%.

¹ In water. Set point accuracy: ±15%.

² For application in oil, also recommended model FH12B04-M12.